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AMBITIONS ISSUE #21



SUSTAINABILITY



ASTRID SCHNEIDER Marketing & Product Communications Manager Sika Services

If something is sustainable, it has the ability to be maintained at a certain rate or level or the ability to be upheld or defended. In ecology, sustainability is the ability to endure; it is how biological systems remain diverse and productive indefinitely. Long-lived and healthy wetlands and forests are examples of sustainable biological systems. In more general terms, sustainability is the endurance of systems and processes. The organizing principle for sustainability is sustainable development, which includes the four interconnected domains: ecology, economics, politics and culture. Healthy ecosystems and environments are necessary to the survival of humans and other organisms. Moving towards sustainability is also a social challenge that entails international and national law, urban planning and transport, local and individual lifestyles and ethical consumerism. Ways of living more sustainably can take many forms from reorganizing living conditions (for example ecovillages, eco-municipalities or sustainable cities), using science to develop new technologies, to adjustments in individual lifestyles that conserve natural resources. The project Living Lakes of the non-profit organization Global Nature Fund (GNF) is recognized as an "Official Project of the UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development 2005-2014". GNF also supports many drinking water projects throughout Africa. In the Ivory Coast, more than 24,000 people now have access to clean and fresh water (p. 16). People are taught how to treat the water in order to use it in a sustainable way.

In New Zealand, the Longbush Ecosanctuary Welcome Shelter (p. 5), located near Gisborne on the East Coast, is an innovative environmental education space designed, constructed and operat2ed by a group of passionate volunteers. Access is free of charge and the project aims to promote active stewardship of the natural environment both in conservation areas and in cities.

Celebrating the birthday of a product (p. 30), which findings of long-term studies have shown retains its waterproofing function for at least 25 years, demonstrates sustainability in building and maintaining these buildings. These roofing membranes will continue to fulfill their functions for many more years to come. And with this, the ability to endure is created.

Yours sincerely.

ASTRID SCHNEIDER

CONTRIBUTORS



DUNCAN ROBERTSON Marketing and Communications Manager, Sika New Zealand

The Longbush Ecosanctuary is an ambitious environmental project with the goal of turning a remote river valley back into natural wilderness. And in that valley is a bold little structure that has created a big buzz in New Zealand architectural circles



SARAH JAMES Marketing Manager Flooring

This project will always stand out for me as being a key installation in our commercial portfolio - a technically challenging specification that was delivered with success and acknowledged by 'Large Project of the Year' award from FeRFA. A great story!



MATTHIAS DICK Market Field Manager Sika Services AG Switzerland

The adhesive technology was developed by Sika and the highquality windows are manufactured in Switzerland by BL windows. Though struggling with high labor costs and a strong Swiss Franc, material optimization and industrial production of bonded windows allow a competitive price.



CHERYL DOUGLAS Head of Marketing Sika Limited UK

From perfectly smooth floors for film sets in the Manchester TV Studios, to versatile roofing systems for the Walkie Talkie building is testament to the trust specifiers and contractors have in Sika.

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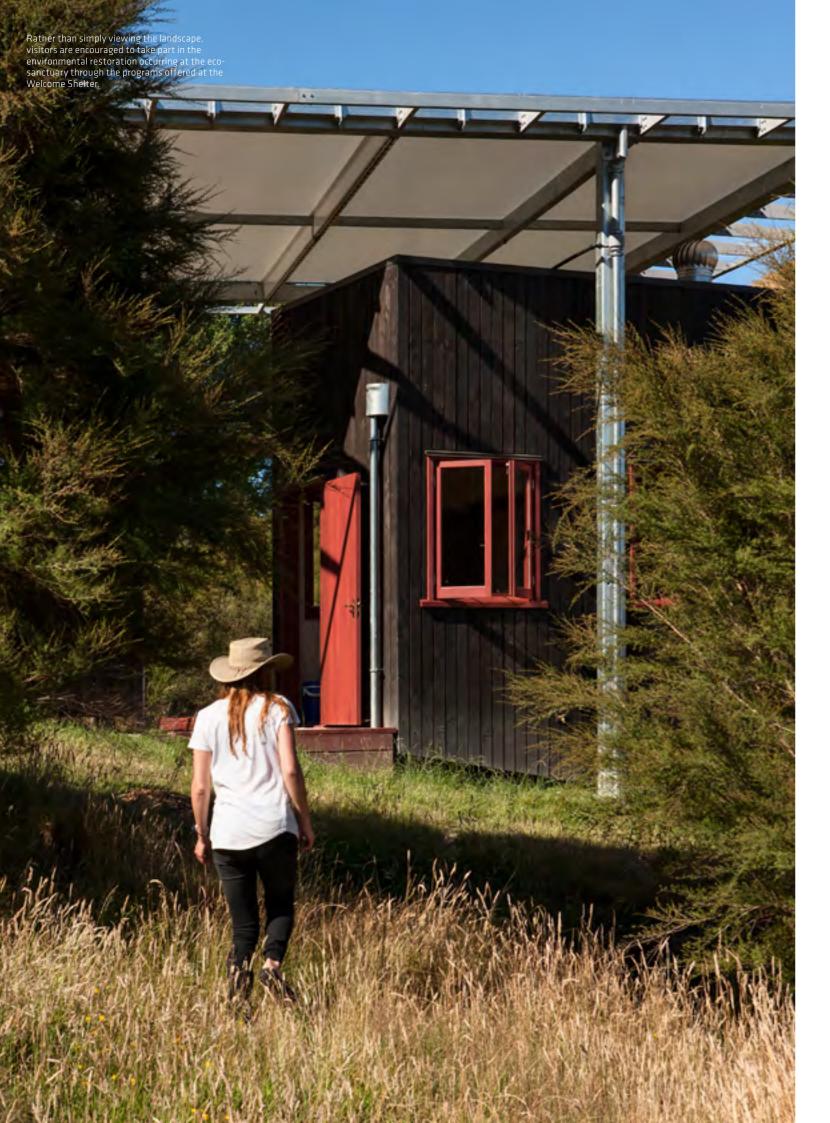
WINDOW-BONDING

About the success of a Swiss window manufacturer

IMPRINT

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PUBLIC ARCHITECTURE ENCOURAGES ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION

The Longbush Ecosanctuary Welcome Shelter, located near Gisborne on the East Coast of New Zealand, is an innovative environmental education space designed, constructed and operated by a group of passionate volunteers, with the support of local businesses and charitable organizations. Access to the Welcome Shelter is free of charge for all visitors and the project aims to promote active stewardship of our natural environment both in conservation areas and in our cities.

TEXT: DUNCAN ROBERTSON, ASTRID SCHNEIDER
PHOTO: SIMON DEVITT, SAROSH MULLA, SIKA NEW ZEALAND

The Longbush Ecosanctuary itself is home to a wide range of New Zealand's native birds. The North Island Black Robin, Titi, Tui, Kereru, Korimako, Fantail, Kingfisher, Ruru, Tomtit, Popokotea, Karearea, Grey Warbler and Pipiwharauroa all call Longbush home. Longbush also supports an increasingly diverse range of plant species, including rare and endangered species. It also holds grey gecko lizards, longtailed bats and black-headed tree weta. The diversity of the wildlife in the bush continues to grow through the active reintroduction of new species as well as through natural migration.

The project was generated and designed by the award-winning designer Sarosh Mulla. Mr. Mulla's current doctoral research focuses on creating innovative forms of architecture for the New Zealand tourism industry, while continuing to promote the role of the architect as a leader within communities.

The design research looks at how architecture has been used in viewing the New Zealand landscape since colonization and amplifies the techniques drawn from the European Picturesque in defining images of the landscape as imaginative historic constructions. The Welcome Shelter is the central design work of Sarosh Mulla's PhD in Architecture by Creative Practice. It is the largest volunteer-constructed piece of public architecture in New Zealand.

Mulla has led a team of 88 volunteers in the construction of the space that provides facilities for visiting school groups, ecologists and tourists. The design of the structure draws on the framing techniques of the Picturesque, but applies these through contemporary forms, which promote active engagement with the environment. Rather than simply viewing the landscape, visitors are encouraged to take part in the environmental restoration occurring at the ecosanctuary through the programs offered at the Welcome Shelter.

OUR GUIDING PRINCIPLE IS THAT GOOD HUMAN-CENTERED DESIGN COMES FROM RIGOROUS DESIGN THINKING

"Sarosh Mulla Design focuses on finding the right design solution for each unique situation. We don't believe that one size fits all, and we know that our clients there are to design a truly creative soluwant a personalized solution. So we em-

phasize the importance of understanding the needs of each client carefully, before considering what opportunities tion. To achieve this, we practice across

several design disciplines and maintain strong relationships with specialists in associated fields. Our guiding principle is that good human-centered design comes from rigorous design thinking. So

the one thing that is common to all of our projects is a carefully followed process" states Mr. Mulla.

shelter from the sun and rain for an outdoor classroom created on the hillside. Below the roof the form of this classroom from the building site. is defined by the position of three timber enclosures and small retained gardens. The design plays with the connotations of natural and synthetic materials in the setting of the recovering environment. Each timber enclosure provides a different service, including the storage of teaching material, ablution facilities and an office for the site ecologist. This office opens up to the exterior with a large

drawbridge to create a level platform on teaching and demonstration days. Another enclosure includes a roof deck from which a stunning view of the valley A large steel and fabric canopy provides can be appreciated. This deck is accessed via a traditionally made greenwood ladder made from a Manuka tree harvested

> Constructed from materials donated by 88 sponsors, the Welcome Shelter utilizes very simple construction techniques. The approach adopted aims to produce the maximum environmental program, through minimal architectural resources. The Welcome Shelter is a gateway for visitors to this special environment, which includes several critically endan-

gered native species. The ecosanctuary is approximately 120 hectares and over the past 15 years has been rapidly restored through the efforts of Jeremy and Dame Anne Salmond. With the removal of invasive pests and weeds, alongside the planting of hundreds of thousands of native trees, the diverse ecology at Longbush is beginning to thrive again.

When asked about his projects, Mulla comments: "My architectural practice is research. It is an opportunity to experiment and test ideas and their tectonic resolution. The ways in which architecture can facilitate social sustainability is an ongoing theme in my design re-



Sarosh Mulla has led a team of 88 volunteers in the construction of the space that provides facilities for visiting school groups, ecologists and tourists.



> search. That is not only sustainability in the sense of "green" technology, but as a more holistic approach to how we inhabit the planet and how creating wellfunctioning communities can have a positive effect on the environments in which they exist."

Never before in New Zealand's history has such a large and diverse group of volunteers and sponsors created a piece of public architecture. The Welcome Shelter creates a new benchmark for high quality community-generated architecture that responds to the needs of the local environment.

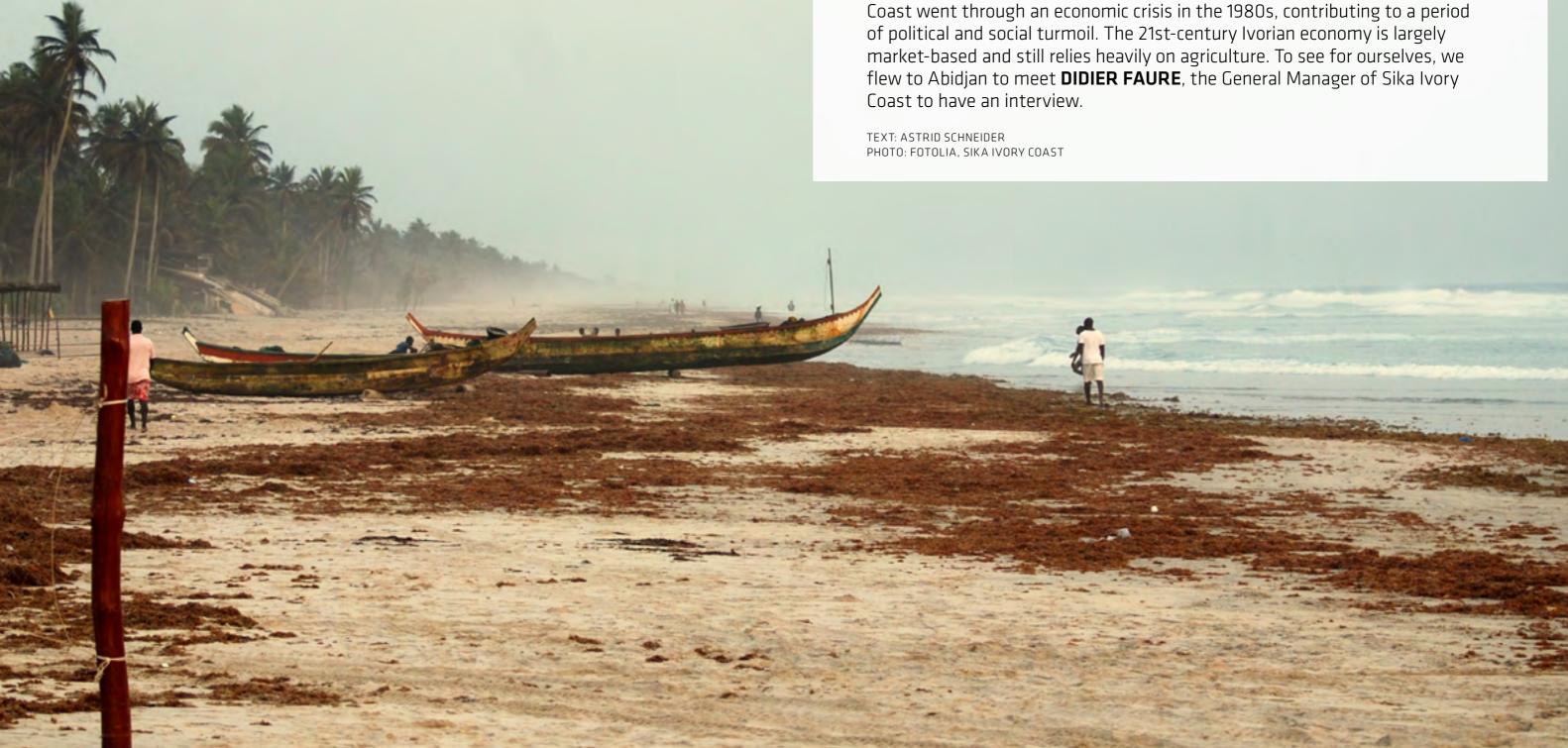








The Republic of Côte d'Ivoire is located in West Africa. Its capital is Yamoussoukro and the biggest city is the port of Abidjan. It has 22 million inhabitants. Through the production of coffee and cocoa, the country was an economic powerhouse in West Africa during the 1960s and 1970s. Ivory Coast went through an economic crisis in the 1980s, contributing to a period





"WITH STABILITY, MORE AND MORE PEOPLE WILL INVEST IN THE IVORY COAST"

DIDIER FAURE General Manager Sika Ivory Coast



Didier Faure, General Manager Sika Ivory Coast.

What is the first thing that comes to mind when you think about working in Ivory Coast? What makes it exciting?

It's a challenge. It's really exciting to start from scratch, create a new company, and construct everything (the plant, the team, etc.)

What are your personal secrets for leading a team?

There are no secrets, I just try to set a good example, show motivation and respect the company rules. I listen to the team and have open discussions with them. I want to create an attractive environment (including trainings/team building/bonuses) in order to reach the full potential of each employee.

I explain the rules and the objectives to them and let them do their best in order to reach the goals. For me, autonomy is a key point. Controlling is not my favorite task but it's really important to check that the milestones are being reached on time and as expected.



The roof of the Abidjan cathedral needed major refurbishment and Sika was chosen by the government to undertake this.



Opening of the new pump in the village of Assamoikro. Mr Yao, Sény, Jean-Jacques, National Director, Habitat for Humanity Côte d'Ivoire, is on the left of Didier Faure. Sylvie Senin, Controller of Sika Ivory Coast, on

> Ivory Coast's economy is now one of the most developed in Sub-Saharan Africa. It is the world's largest exporter of cocoa and one of the largest exporters of coffee. Is this also reflected in a stronger democratic political basis and certain growth of a stable middle class?

After the big crisis of 2011, following the presidential election of 2010, Ivory Coast has been one of the more stable countries in the Sub-Saharan area since 2012. This stability and the natural potential of the country (agriculture/mining/oil) have given investors confidence. These investments allow a certain growth of the middle class.

But the unemployment rate is still high and the two civil wars are recent history. What are the biggest opportunities for the economy?

In my opinion, political stability will be the main issue for the development of the country. With stability, more and more people will invest in the Ivory Coast. This country has an abundance of natural resources. Basically, agriculture, mining and oil will be the biggest chances, but buildings, tourism, education and health will be important sectors, too.

How about the construction market? Where exactly does Ivory Coast need

Technically, the construction market is at a basic level. We have some old buildings here from the 70s. From 2002 (the first big crisis) until 2012, construction halted entirely. Today we have new needs and new and modern constructions (hotels, roads, bridges, hospitals) which are realized in partnership with foreign investors.

Our job today is to inform and train all the economic construction players (contractors, retailers, control office for construction and government) in our technical and innovative solutions for buildings and promote them. We want to drive market an assistance program to provide six transformation.

Can you see any new trends in construction?

Most of the architects and designers have undertaken some of their education in Europe, so today the trends are similar to the ones in Europe.

Are there any extraordinary Sika projects in the country you would like to tell

Sika has been involved in the refurbishment of Abidjan cathedral – the first roof was made in 1982 with Sika membrane. After the war, the roof needed major refurbishment and Sika was chosen by tures and local silicone. the government to undertake this. The job was completed in 2015 with a blue For the roofing market we want to ex-Sarnafil membrane (photo p. 12-13).

Furthermore, Sika partnered up with Habitat for Humanity to take part in villages with potable water. You can see the results on You Tube video: https://youtu.be/WV8npWukEio.

Where is Sika Ivory Coast headed? What are its targets?

Sika is the leader in the refurbishment market (without tile adhesive), and second in admixtures and sealing and bonding. The other target markets have not been representative until now. The aim is to be the leader in all target markets as soon as we can deliver products from our plant. We want to produce high-quality mortars (tile adhesive, refurbishment and floor hardeners), high-quality admix-

pand on our success from the cathedral to boost this new technology. In flooring we expect to develop flooring resin (epoxy and polyurethane) in the new factories.

What are the best things about living in Ivory Coast? What do you personally enjoy the most?

Without any doubt the happiness of the



Through the production of coffee and cocoa, the country was an economic powerhouse in West Africa during the 1960s and 1970s.

people, and for those who enjoy the sun-

What do you personally wish Ivory Coast for the future?



Located in the tropical zones of the continent, there are a wide spread of flora and fauna.

shine, we have nine months of summer cation for the young. Education will be and no winter.

I wish for political stability and more eduthe main issue for the success, growth and development of the country.





NATURE AND HUMANS STRIKE A BALANCE

The Global Nature Fund (GNF) is a non-profit, private, independent, international foundation for the protection of nature and the environment registered in Germany. The organization has offices at Lake Constance, Bonn and Berlin in Germany.

TEXT: KLAUS STRIXNER, ASTRID SCHNEIDER PHOTO: GLOBAL NATURE FUND, FOTOLIA

Founded in 1998, GNF's work and objectives focus on initiating and implementing specific and tangible projects for preserving and protecting nature, the environment and biological diversity, Furthermore, GNF develops model projects aimed at promoting a sustainable

on species protection.

economy. In order to achieve this, GNF worldwide. Since its first distinction in cade."

organizes events dealing with the pro- 2006, the global Living Lakes network tection of nature and the environment has been permanently recognized as and promotes international conventions an "Official Project of the UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development 2005-2014." In November 2013, chiefly concerning migrating species, In 1998, GNF launched the Living Lakes the National Committee of the UN Detheir habitats and their migratory routes. network. Living Lakes is a global part- cade "Education for Sustainable Develnership of environmental organizations opment" even awarded Living Lakes the striving to protect lakes and wetlands title "Official Measure of the World DeSince 2008, Sika has been supporting drinking water projects in Africa realized by GNF. As a result of these actions, in Burundi more than 5,000 people, especially children, now have access to clean drinking water in the villages of Kagwema and Rukaramu, north-west of Burundi's capital Bujumbura. In Kenya, residents of the village of Kandara, about 30 km north of the town of Thika, have had access to clean water since 2014.

In addition to these activities, four more water projects are currently being realized in Ivory Coast. In 2010, the first water projects were carried out in the regions of Man and N'zi Comoé: the villages in need of pump repairs were selected in close cooperation with the local project partners.

By the end of 2012, a total of 24 wells had been repaired and by the summer 18 villages being fixed in 2014, access to hope for a better future. clean and fresh groundwater has now



Access to clean and fresh groundwater has now been provided to the residents of 44 villages in

lages in total. More than 24,000 Ivorians of 2013, another 20 wells had been put are currently supplied with fresh water into operation. With 26 wells in a further as a result of the projects, and can thus

been provided to the residents of 44 vil- The residents of all villages have been ac-

tively involved in the projects. They have established water committees involving women and men with specific functions and areas of responsibility and thus manage the water distribution in the commu-

SINCE 2008, SIKA HAS BEEN SUPPORTING DRINKING WATER PROJECTS IN AFRICA



Udo Gattenlöhner

nities themselves. Technicians, trained in the technical maintenance of the pumps at the beginning of the project, are responsible for maintaining the wells. Others take care of hygiene education in the village; still others are in charge of financial management. The inhabitants of the villages have agreed that each pump user will pay a small annual fee in order to cover future maintenance costs for the installed facilities.

To learn more about the projects and the people behind them, we jumped into our car and drove to Lake Constance, which is only one hour away from our offices in Zurich, to meet Executive Director Udo Gattenlöhner.

Mr. Gattenlöhner, could you tell us how the idea first came up to create an NGO

GNF was founded in 1998 as a kind of international sister organization to the Umwelthilfe" (Environmental Action Germany). At that time, GNF had the opportunity to launch a global Lake Net- experiences and expertise.

work with financial support from the private sector, namely from companies such as Unilever, Lufthansa and Daimler.

What was your professional life like before GNF? Have you always worked in the NGO scene? And what drove you to choose this field?

Even while still at school I was fascinated by nature and wanted to work in the environmental sector. I did my compulsory community service with an environmental NGO and chose my degree (Agricultural Sciences) with this goal in mind. After graduating from university, I was lucky enough to be given the opportunity to work for an NGO.

Sadly the world today has many areas, both natural and human, that are in need of improvement. How do you decide which projects you take on?

GNF's main competence lies in the field of water ecosystems and international cooperation. A major orientation is provided by our statutes, defining the will of the founders. However, there is a certain amount of positive opportunism that plays a role in project selection as well, as one can only select and realize projects that are financially feasible.

How many employees do you have who work directly on the projects? Are there also local people on site who support the work or carry it forward after you are gone?

GNF has 14 permanent staff. Networking is in our DNA - so to speak - and it German environmental NGO "Deutsche" is part of our philosophy to realize all our projects in close collaboration with local partner organizations, building on their

Your "Living Lakes" project has a mandate from the United Nations. What does that change for the project?

It is a great honor and "morale booster" for GNF and all Living Lakes partners that the network has been recognized as an "Official Project of the UN Decade of Education for Sustainable Development" from 2005 to 2014. As environmental education plays an important role in almost all our activities, this designation means a lot to us and has helped promote our

What, for you, is special about the drinking water projects in Africa?

Despite UNESCO's 2015 "Water for a Sustainable World" report stating that progress has been good on providing improved access to clean drinking water, 748 million people still lack access to safe and clean water. Especially rural and poor regions in Sub-Saharan Africa face various drinking water and sanitation problems, as they are economically unattractive in terms of government or private water company investment due to low income, poor education and poor infrastructure. As limited access to clean drinking water must be seen as the major cause of health problems and poverty for millions of people in these parts of Africa, GNF tries to focus on these most vulnerable regions and communities. <



GETTING THE SALT OUT OF WATER

About 70% of the earth's surface is covered with water. However 97% of the water on the earth is salt water. Salt water is filled with salt and other minerals, and humans cannot drink it. Less than 1% of all the water on earth is fresh water that we can actually use. We use this small amount of water for drinking, transportation, heating and cooling, industrial, and many other purposes.

TEXT: ASTRID SCHNEIDER PHOTO: SIKA AG. FOTOLIA

Most of the modern interest in desali-

to the relatively high energy consumpnation is focused on developing cost-ef- tion involved, the costs of desalinating fective ways of providing fresh water for sea water are generally higher than the human use. Along with recycled waste- alternatives (fresh water in the form of water, desalination is one of the few surface water such as rivers and lakes, rainfall-independent water sources. Due groundwater, water recycling and water

conservation), but alternatives are not always available and rapid overdraw and depletion of reserves is a critical problem worldwide.





After the appropriate professional surface preparation by high-pressure water jetting, all surfaces are leveled with Sikagard®-720 EpoCem, followed by an epoxy primer, SikaFloor®-156. Every inch of the surfaces, covering 20,000 m², spray Polyurea, Sikalastic®-841 ST.

> In 2002 there were about 12,500 desalination plants around the world in 120 countries. The most important users of desalinated water are still in the Middle East and North Africa. Among industrialized countries, the United States is one of the most important users of desalinated water, especially in California and parts of Florida. The cost of desalination has kept it from being used more often. Desalination is also used on many seagoing ships and submarines. One of the largest percentages of desalinated water used in any country is in Israel, which produces 40% of its water for domestic use from seawater desalination.

The Ashdod Seawater Desalination Plant is located in Ashdod, Israel, some 40 km along the coast from Tel Aviv. Construction took place between 2012 and 2015, and the final result was a 20,000 m² plant with a production capacity of 100 jetting, all surfaces were leveled with

million m³ per year set up for the seawater reverse osmosis desalination process. Reverse osmosis is a water purification technology that uses a semipermeable membrane. The various areas of the plant, such as intake chambers for the Finally almost all our fresh water takes seawater, preparation basins, disinfection areas, the purification section and the outlet section have to be protected with a reliable, robust chemical- and abrasion-resistant lining.

The waterproofing material has to withstand abrasion caused by sand from the tant against saltwater and every chemical used in the de-mineralization and anyhow. re-mineralization process. To ensure the watertightness of the structure, crack bridging properties are also essential. After the appropriate professional surface preparation by high-pressure water

Sikagard®-720 EpoCem, followed by an epoxy primer, SikaFloor®-156. Every inch of the surfaces, covering 20,000 m², spray Polyurea, Sikalastic®-841 ST.

the form of ice (69% of it, to be exact). If you could melt all that ice, and the earth's surface was perfectly smooth, sea levels would rise to an altitude of 2.7 km. So we do well to take care of this ice. Furthermore take all the water on earth and you would have a blue sphere less than a third the size of the moon. And whether seawater, and has to be chemically resis- it is saltwater or fresh, the world's water needs to be sustainably taken care of





THE WALKIE TALKIE'S CURVED WALKWAYS

Londoners just love to get high. So much so that if you don't want to wait until then to see the vistas from Fenchurch Street - and what is being billed London's newest public park - then your best bet is to do what we did and make a reservation at one of the Sky Garden's three restaurants.

TEXT: FIONA BRIDGFORD, ASTRID SCHNEIDER PHOTO: DOUG MCGUIGAN AT FENLAND FLAT ROOFING, SHUTTERSTOCK

When you enter the Walkie Talkie, die tacular views of the city amid a stunning building's nickname due to its top-heavy park in the sky. form, be prepared for airport-style secutaurants and Sky Garden are included on the top three floors. The building opened

rity before a lift whizzes you up to the At this dizzying 160 m tall, London's dis-35th floor. A large viewing deck, bar, restinctive Walkie Talkie building required an exceptional roofing solution. Fenland Flat Roofing and Sika Sarnafil single ply

architect Rafael Viñoly and costing over £200 million, 20 Fenchurch Street is a commercial skyscraper in central London.

Awarded the project in February 2014, a lightweight walkable roof area for the access walkways was required and perimthe doors to its crowning glory - spec- were up to the challenge. Designed by eter edges of the glazed roof to the garden and restaurant. The roofing product had to be carefully selected as it needed to curve in two directions due to the unique design of the building.

Sarnafil G410-12EL single ply provided the perfect solution to this design criteria, thanks to its excellent flexibility and weldabilty, while offering outstanding resistance to weathering, including permanent UV irradiation. This was installed in Lead Grey to the BMU Track and covered with SarnaTred walkway tiles, allowing durable and slip resistant access for maintenance workers - a vital safety consideration.

The second part of the project was to provide a flexible high performance waterproofing membrane to the bespoke Shoulder areas in white, to match in with the steelwork structure color.

due to its sheer size and height, creating challenging access issues. As there was no scaffold available, the Fenland team had to work off harnesses and with stunning views across London.



safety lines on a leading edge and had to traverse the glass roof of the building to access the work area. All tools and The Walkie Talkie project stands out equipment had to be properly secured at all times. To maintain the most stringent health and safety standards required diligence and planning, rewarding workers

High skill levels were required to overcome the various tricky details on the roof and the team had to interface with multiple trades. Internally the Walkie-Talkie provides a mixture of 1,208 m² of retail space and 63,174 m² of top quality offices with panoramic views of London.

THE WALKIE TALKIE PROJECT STANDS OUT DUE TO ITS SHEER SIZE AND HEIGHT

> It has been awared a BREEAM excellence rating together with being named one of London's most sustainable buildings.

But how's it hanging up there as a worker? Fearless construction workers were spotted and they know they are safe. It is not only because of their safety harnesses and the helmet but also the walkway tiles there were installing cover these security aspects like non-slipe and long-life: and these facts they not only know but feel on sight working while looking over London's skyline. In the future other workers will use this track for maintenance work.

And is there another way to get into the building than queuing? Climbing? Well, maybe. We asked the reservation teams while we were there and apparently if you try your luck after 6pm on weekdays you're reasonably likely to be able to get up there for a drink. Good luck!

Tree hoisted to the top of the Walkie Talkie: http://youtu.be/HFcWD0z1yes Sky Garden:

https://vimeo.com/113375223







DIGITAL FABRICATION

Concrete canoe racing began in Germany in 1986 when the first competition was held in Limburg an der Lahn. Competitions were held every two years until 2002. Then after a three year lag, the competition was reinstated in 2003 in Heidelberg. When the 11th Deutsche Regatta was held in 2007 in Hanover, the top three finishers in both the men's and women's races automatically qualified to paddle against the world champions at WM 2007.

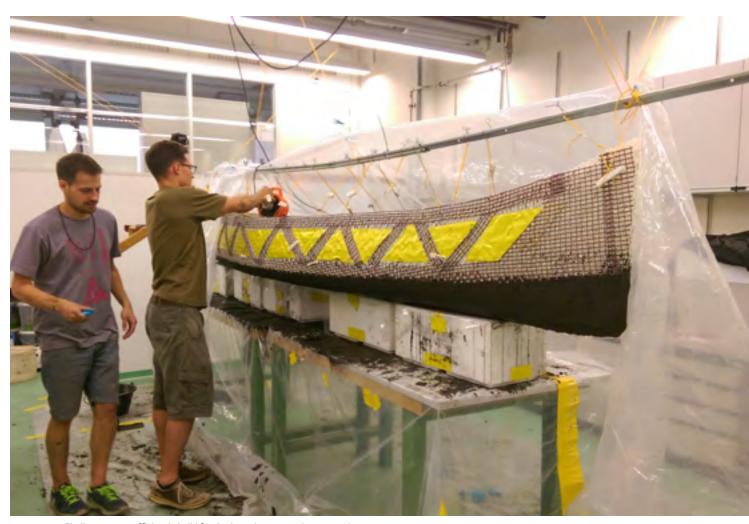
TEXT: HANNES HELLER, BETONKANUVEREIN ETH, ASTRID SCHNEIDER PHOTO: HANNES HELLER, BETONKANUVEREIN ETH

By 2011, over 90 teams were registering for the German nationals, with participants coming from a number of other countries including Switzerland and the Netherlands. In 2014, Dresden reciprocat-Netherlands.

from ETH Zurich, Switzerland, competed Havel in Germany. The challenge of Mesh Mold.

building a boat and surprising the jury with fundamentally new concepts and innovative ideas every two years pushes students to find new ways to convert cement, water and aggregates into a floated and fielded the lightest entry in the ing structure. This year, two groups of three students in civil engineering built two boats using robotic fabrication. Prof. As in past years, a group of students Robert Flatt of the Institute for Building Materials at ETH invited his students to in the German "Concrete Canoe Regatta", implement two ongoing research projects ing concrete structures by using the high this year taking place in Brandenburg/ in this field: Smart Dynamic Casting and

Mesh Mold is a project of the chair for architecture and digital fabrication in collaboration with Sika Technology AG. The technology aims to merge the two conventionally separate, labor and costintensive aspects of concrete construction: reinforcement and formwork. This not only allows a more efficient use of material, but also enhances the fabrication of geometrically complex load-bearspatial coordination of robots. The shape



Finding ways to efficiently build freely shaped concrete elements using a digital means of fabrication was the target.

> of the "Queen ElisamEshTH" is the one of a traditional canoe, an already existing 3D model that was downloaded from the Internet. A 3D printer printed the plastic mesh mold for the boat, which was reinforced with carbon fiber due to the poor strength of the material and filled manually with two different types of concrete: one with lightweight foam glass aggregates and another with aerogel aggregates and a white cementitious binder.

Smart Dynamic Casting (SDC) is a project of Gramazio and Kohler Research with similar motivation: finding ways to efficiently build freely shaped concrete elements using a digital means of fabrication. The concept is a sliding formwork with the ability to change its shape during the process. The shape of the canoe was determined first of all, and then a special formwork was designed for it. The building process had to be carefully planned and optimized over the course of many trials. Concrete quality and rheology were crucial. Pressure and friction was inked with Sika ColorCrete to get an changes inside the casting on top of the even sharper contrast against the white took place. Two years ago, they received thin wall challenged the team to the last Aerogel concrete. It was a concrete mix an award for their on-site canoe that was centimeter of production. A structure with a very low W/C value, so with the built the very morning before the race.



two days, setting a new height record consistency. It turned out that the mixfor the young SDC technology. The rear conventional casting.

Sika has been sponsoring the association's participation in the race since 2011. The concrete for "Queen ElisamEshTH"

ture without additives had the best propand bow of "S2D2©" were added by using erties for the specific mesh size. Sika Accelerator Superplasticizer ViscoCrete-20 HE was used for the white parts of "S2D2@"

The teams from ETH Zurich have won several prizes since the competition first over four meters high was achieved in aggregates used it resulted in a creamy This year, "Queen ElisamEshTH" won the



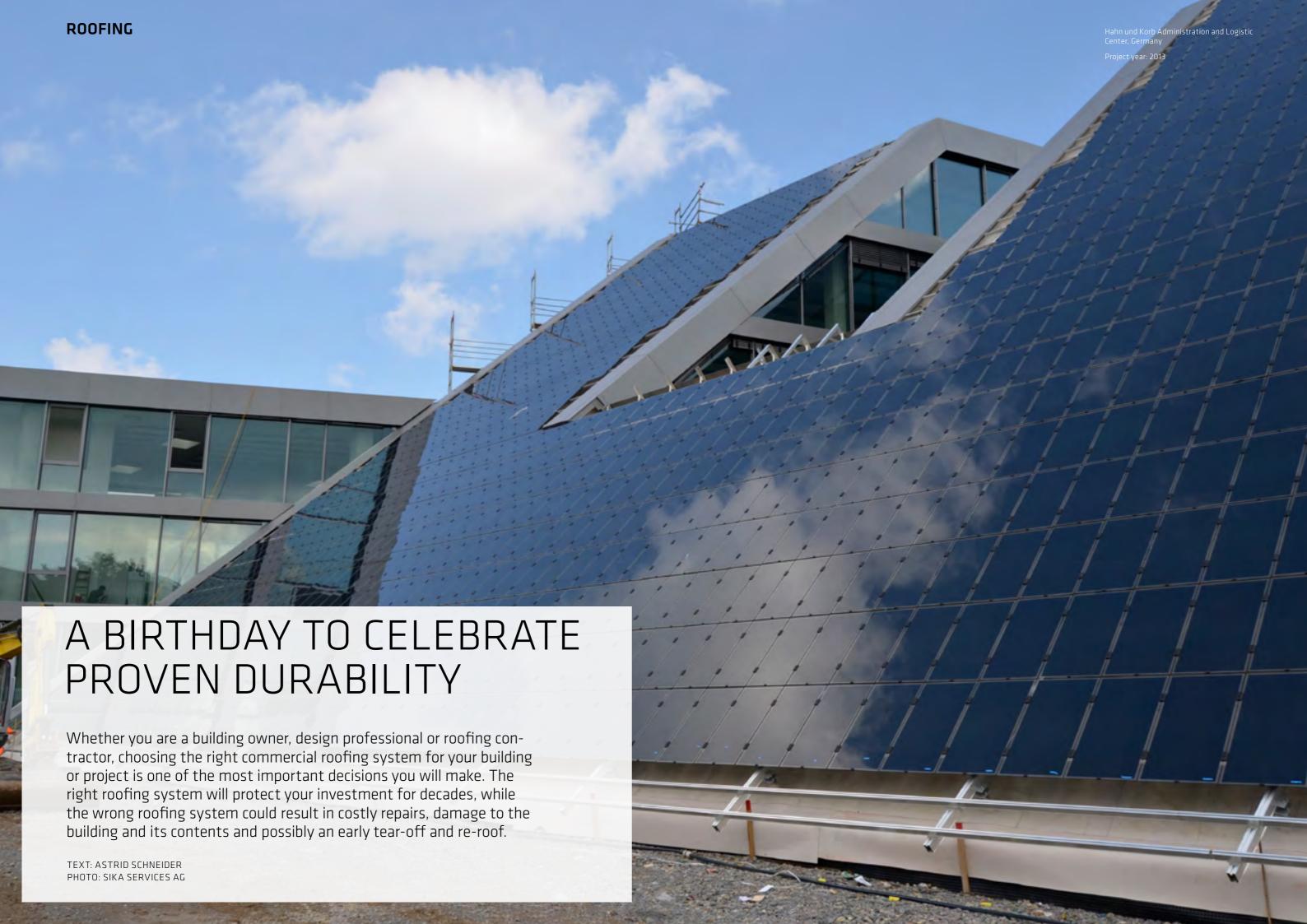
The shape of the canoe is traditional, an already existing 3D model that was downloaded from the internet. A 3D printer printed the plastic mesh mold for the boat.



prize for engineering and "S2D2©" (at al- Pirmin Scherer, President of the Concrete credible experience." And as the boats boat in the race.

most 300 kg) the award for the heaviest Canoe Club ETH. "The whole project of building the boats, organizing everything ready thinking about the canoes for the with the help of many fellow students, "We weren't so successful in the races, researchers and sponsors and then takbut it's not all about the prizes", says ing part in the whole event was an in-

disappear into the cellar, everybody is alnext Regatta.





Saint Doulchard Medical Center, Cher, France Project year: 2010



Tempodrome, Cologne, Germany Project year: 2001



Inside of Ronald McDonald Center Only Friends Amsterdam, The Netherlands

> To help you make an informed decision, Sika describes commercial roofing systems to help you choose one that best fits your needs. One of the greatest challenges and needs is long-lasting and reliable durability when you build a roof. The Sarnafil® T roofing system has proven long-term stability in respect of membranes waterproofing mainly flat roofs. The first Sarnafil® T roofing system was installed in 1988 in Sarnen, Switzerland. According to a sample which was cut out from this roof in November 2013, today in 2015 that roof is still in absolutely perfect condition. But what does "absolutely perfect condition" mean?

> After 27 years there is still no moisture in the roof structure and the quality of the product is similar to the newly produced material. The material is still elastic, flexible and has easy and safe weldability at any time.

"We investigated a selection of Sarnafil® projects that are 25 years old. The performance and durability of Sarnafil® membrane are proven through time by hard facts and figures. We don't know of any other manufacturer who is comparable in the market regarding the quality of the many more roofing projects to come! < products and the sense of responsibility

towards society," states Stephan Wehrle Dipl. Ing. (FH) Institute for Construction Protection, Construction Materials and Construction Physics, Germany.

To support the customer in reaching a decision Sika commissioned an expert report in August 2014, which concerns the durability of polymeric roofing membrane types Sarnafil® TS and Sarnafil® TG. It is based on a study of five 17 to 25 year old roofs, plus 158 additional roofs that were investigated and assessed by Sika personnel in a field survey, and also including Sika's internal production monitoring data and test results. The results of this long-term study and the 25 years of proven, positive experience for the durability of Sarnafil® TG and Sarnafil® TS suggest that, given standard roof conditions and use in compliance with the products' application and maintenance requirements. the Sarnafil® TG polymeric roofing membranes will continue to fulfil their waterproofing function for many more years.

What was the conclusion of all that? Like every birthday child you are proud of, there was a great cake - the Sika Sarnafil® T cake. Looking forward to



Ronald McDonald Center Only Friends Amsterdam, The Netherlands Project year: 2010



> The lawns at the back and on the roof of the neighboring indoor pool gave it a large and airy feel. Behind the pump sunbathing area.

> A previously gender-separated, now value. mixed sun deck is located by the low wooden bunks. Today there are sun loungers on the edge of the basin. On Saturday mornings, early birds welcome the sun with power yoga for inner and outer balance.

The renovation of the pool was delayed by several years. The groundwater had increased greatly through leaks in tanks and pipes. Vines twisted around crumbling concrete, and warped, rough boards surrounded the pool. Lichens had covered the diving tower's scaffold ages ago.

From 2007 to 2009, the outdoor pool was finally renewed and refurbished. It now offers a competition-grade Olympic pool and an adventure pool with a flow channel and wide slides. The special attraction is the largest natural pool in Switzer-



During works of refurbishment.

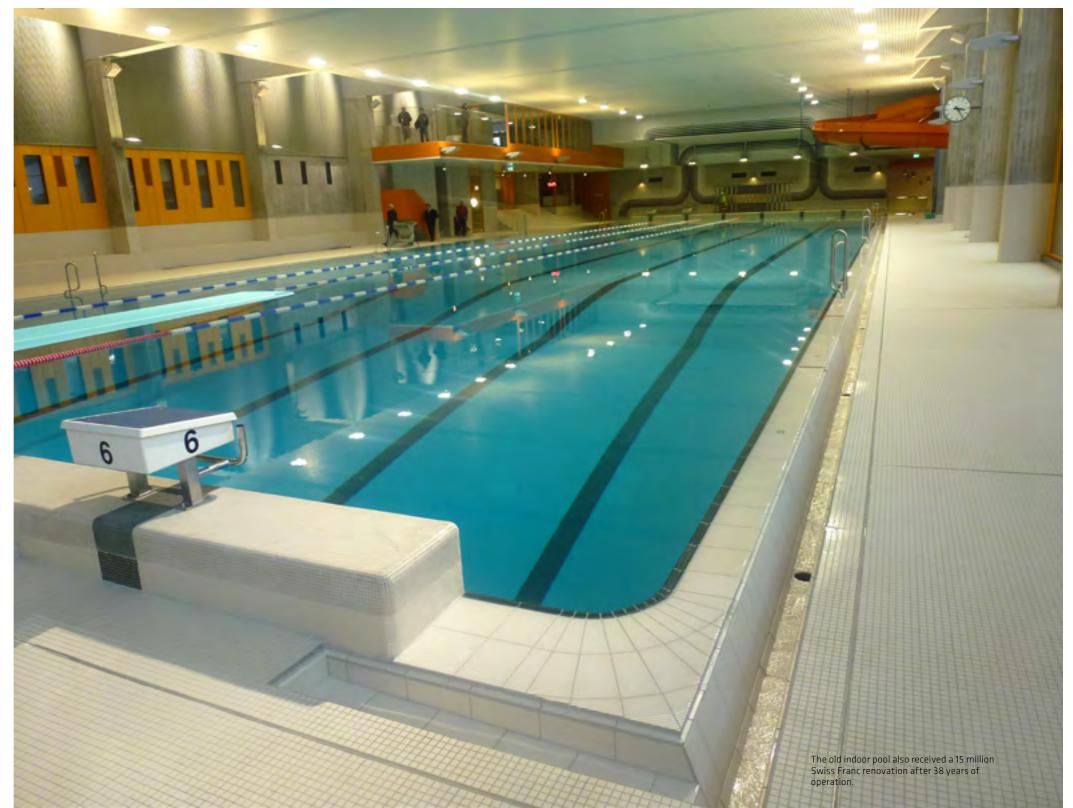
land. Expansive lawns, a barbecue area, playing fields, a beach volleyball court, slacklines and much more leave nothing house is a separate teaching pool and a to be desired. Disabled extensions, a cozy restaurant with sun terrace and a store ensures that every guest enjoys added

> Finally, the old indoor pool also received a 15 million Swiss Franc renovation after 38 years of operation. Besides aesthetic aspects, such as brighter ceilings and a more open entrance area, the swimming pool surround was raised to the water level, making it easier to get into the water. Additionally, the newly installed video surveillance system "Angel Eyes" increases safety for visitors.

> For this refurbishment, Sika Switzerland's support was needed in the planning and execution. It had to be a fast construction process with an easily applicable waterproofing solution and an efficient floor structure. The "Angel Eyes" had to be installed and sealed. The floor had to be highly mechanically and chemically resistant in order to withstand chlorine water and aggressive cleaning agents.

Due to the influence on the concrete concept and decoupling and isolation of the pool surrounds with Sika® Permat, the newly concreted subsurface was only covered one month afterwards, instead of the normal waiting time of six months. The concrete joints were waterproofed with the Sikadur®-Combiflex SG System. The extensive sealing of the pool surround was done using Sikalastic®-1K, a flexible fibre reinforced waterproofing mortar.

Now the inhabitants of Winterthur have something to look forward to again: even when it's raining and cool outside, which may well be the case for two thirds of the year, you can go swimming indoors. If you can't swim, take a lesson. And if you are getting bored of swimming, visit the sauna, which goes up to 100 $^{\circ}\text{C}.$ Then no one can complain about the cold Mid-European climate of Switzerland.





LIGHTS, CAMERA, ACTION!

MediaCityUK is an 81 ha mixed-use property development site on the banks of the Manchester Ship Canal in Salford and Trafford, Greater Manchester, England. The project is being developed by Peel Media, and its principal tenants are media organizations and the University of Salford. The land occupied by the development was part of the Port of Manchester and Manchester Docks. Considered a flagship facility for the UK's biggest commercial program provider, MediaCityUK is home to over 500 staff, including teams.

TEXT: CHERYL DOUGLAS, ASTRID SCHNEIDER PHOTO: MANCHESTER TV STUDIOS

The BBC signaled its intention to move jobs to Manchester in 2004, and the Salford Quays site was chosen in 2006. The Peel Group was granted planning permission to develop the site, and the development was constructed with its own energy generation plant and communications network. Based in Quay House, the principal tenant is the BBC, whose move marks a large-scale decentralization from London. ITV Granada completed the first phase of its move to MediaCityUK on March 25, 2013, followed in two stages by the northern arm of ITV Studios: the second stage involved Coronation Street being moved to a new production facility on Trafford Wharf (next to the Imperial War Museum North) at the end of 2013. The Studios on Broadway houses seven high-definition studios, claimed to be the largest such facility in Europe.

Considered a flagship facility for the UK's biggest commercial program provider, the Orange Tower is home to over 500 staff including teams from CITV, Granada support services.

longest-running drama, Coronation Street, which is produced from a stateof-the-art production center based on a 7.7 acre site. When the first episode was aired on December 9, 1960, it was not initially a critical success, but in 2010, it became the world's longest-running TV

For the construction of ITV's new Coronation Street studios in Trafford, MediaCityUK required perfectly smooth antistatic floors to facilitate the fluid and safe movement of HD camera equipment. This called for an innovative solution in the form of self-smoothing, epoxy resin floors. A Sika UK flooring system has provided the perfect platform from which to film Britain's longest-running

Designed for use in areas with sensitive electronic equipment, the approved industrial flooring was expertly applied by Sika across four studios totaling 3,800 m². The wealth of experience Reports, factual, entertainment, drama, in delivering TV studio-quality flooring post-production and various business and close collaboration with the main contractor throughout the three month installation in Salford, Manchester both MediaCityUK is also home to the world's contributed to a successful outcome

The finished floor was flat to within 1 mm over a 3 m straight edge, which exceeds British Standards. Adrian Bleasdale, Project Leader at ITV, said: "We found the teams at flooring contractor Zircon Flooring and Sika easy to work with and proactive, and the finished floors are absolutely fit for purpose." Richard Kay, Sika Flooring Area Manager for the North West region, said; "ITV Studios may be home to the world's most famous cobbles, but behind the scenes studio floors are required to be perfectly smooth to ensure the highest standards of filming."

"We were delighted to deliver one of our flooring systems to such an iconic project in conjunction with our highly-skilled approved contractor Zircon Flooring, who delivered a first class project." Stewart Draper, Director at Zircon Flooring, and his team - which included son Keelan Draper, who has recently achieved the NVQ2 in situ resin floor qualification from FeFRA, the resin flooring association, delivered the project to schedule and budget.

Stewart added: "Given the state-of-theart equipment found in studios it is im-





Breaks are essential: Stewart Draper, Director, contractor Zircon Flooring, serves at the bar.



Close up of new finished floor.

> portant to opt for flooring systems with past decade we have got TV studio floor- wide variety of colors and is suited to a

anti-static features to prevent electro- ing off to a fine art and the finished floor range of applications including computer static discharges from operatives dam- in gray looks absolutely superb." The rooms, car manufacturing plants, power aging sensitive electronic components. Sikafloor®-262 AS system for normal plants, laboratories and hospitals. Having worked closely with Sika over the to medium-heavy wear is available in a



ABOUT THE SUCCESS OF A SWISS WINDOW MANUFACTURER

If the recent addition of a new 6,500 m² PVC windows factory in Brugg, Switzerland, to the existing production site at Veltheim makes one thing clear, it is that the company is growing. Its focus is on the provision of single-source design, production and installation solutions to meet enhanced quality standards. We talk to MARCEL BEGLINGER and SAMUEL LÜSCHER, Chief Executives of BL Fenster AG, a company with one of the highest growth rates among aluplast's partners.

TEXT: JÖRG PFÄFFINGER PHOTOS: BL FENSTER AG, FOTOLIA While some of your competitors are shifting production abroad, you are expanding in Switzerland. How have you managed that?

Marcel Beglinger: We reckon that a strategy of highly automated production by a skilled, committed workforce and within easy reach of our customers will pay dividends in the long run. Many in the industry see the growth in cheap imports from abroad as potentially damaging.

Samuel Lüscher: In Switzerland, for example, a prefabricated single-family house can be erected on site within 48 ing from abroad.

How has your company managed to grow despite the proximity to the German border?

Lüscher: I think that enough people will always want to live, work and earn money here in Switzerland. With imports, things don't always run smoothly.

Beglinger: Our local presence close to customers allows us to respond promptly. Production, which accounts for 21 of our 85 employees, is only one part of our start-to-finish services. We cover everything from initial measurement to on-site assembly. Some companies just specialize in fabrication and let other providers handle installation and support. hours. That's not feasible if you're work- Our mission is to provide a full-range service for customers. If you include the import logistics costs in the equation, then our locally based approach is barely more expensive.

Lüscher: Price comparisons should always be based on the cost of a fully installed window. You can't simply compare a punched window product with an installed, full-height unit complete with structural connections and extension profiles. A further factor is the Ordinance on the Supervision of Private Insurance Companies (AVO), which is mandatory in Switzerland. What ultimately matters is the finished product with warranty. Our best argument, as a Swiss company, is to deliver a quality product with professional support. If we achieve that, then we will more than make up for any small percentage difference in costs. We succeed simply by outperforming the importers.



The consistently high quality of our products is largely due to the method of bonding the insulating glass in the sash frame - what we call the 'bonding inside' technology

Your customers have obviously rewarded you for the quality standards you have upheld over the years. What sets your windows apart?

Beglinger: The consistently high quality of our products is largely due to the method of bonding the insulating glass in the sash frame - what we call the 'bonding inside' technology. We have applied this process, with products supplied by Sika, for nearly seven years and have so far bonded some 70,000 units.

Lüscher: A bonded window is not just a cheaper window, it's also a better window. This has been and remains our message. We can deliver consistent quality without steel reinforcement. Our products are no more expensive than steelreinforced products while offering superior performance.

What features underscore the superior quality of your windows?

Lüscher: Bonded windows offer greater structural stability. That explains the almost complete lack of damage during transportation and assembly. At the same time, the use of more robust components has also enabled us to expand our range of products. Recent orders, for example, have included some 85 large-

format, bonded-sash assemblies of a kind we have never produced before and which would have been unfeasible without this technology. For us, bonding has opened up new markets for this type of

How did you implement this technology in your company?

Beglinger: We started off with manual fabrication. In September 2014, after a the order of 100. Remedial works, such contract for which we used a semi-automatic system, we proceeded to launch our fully automated production line. This has enabled us to boost production at the new plant by 50% since 2013. We recorded 43% growth in 2014 and expect around 25% this year. We still have ample spare capacity and expect to achieve double the 2013 output in 2017. That is fine adjustment is merely a symptom of our phased growth model.

You mentioned that bonding technology has significantly reduced the support effort.

Lüscher: We now keep sashes and frames strictly separate in terms of both us greater freedom during manufacture, manufacture and delivery, even on refurbishment projects. That's one of the benefits of our highly automated production system, which allows us to work to the cy. It is also possible to manufacture the

finest of tolerances. This vastly reduces the need for post-installation works, such as fine adjustment. I always cite the '1-10-100' formula: if something is not working properly during production, the effort needed for rectification is of the order of 1. If a problem is identified during a post-production inspection, this effort is of the order of 10. And if the flaw is detected on site, then the effort is of as the tightening of a screw, that take a matter of minutes at the plant may easily require one hundred times as long as a support service. A good window should work immediately after installation and one adjustment, and shouldn't need any later fine adjustment. That is the bar we set ourselves. As I see it, the need for prior imprecision and is therefore something we can eliminate.

Beglinger: The segregation of sashes and window frames ensures trouble-free production while also facilitating transportation and on-site assembly. It also gives the sashes and frames being produced by separate teams whose work requires no coordination. This minimizes redundan-

A BONDED WINDOW IS NOT JUST A CHEAPER WINDOW, IT'S ALSO A BETTER WINDOW

window frames prior to glass delivery. The glazed sashes are then produced at a later point in time.

Lüscher: The PVC windows of some of our competitors are glazed on site, with all the attendant risks: not just glass breakages, but also when shimming with setting and edge blocks. We don't face those problems.

What are the advantages during manufacture?

Lüscher: Use of the Lemuth gluing station and bonding without hanging the sashes allows cycle times of 70 seconds to be achieved. That includes feeding, bonding and forwarding. The new hightemperature welding system on our sash production line further speeds up operations. The average 1.5 sashes per window needed in Switzerland make it important to minimize cycle times.

Beglinger: Practically all big-name window manufacturers in Switzerland capitalize on the benefits of bonding technology. Bonding also allows us to dispense with steel reinforcement, which is both costly and structurally redundant. Aside from that, all windows made from sections developed for shimming cannot be

handled by glazing robots. And we plan to use these robots on our production line from 2016 onwards. Even today, our plant enables us to achieve industrygrade glazing standards.







